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CONTENTS

PART I.	PAGES	PART III—SECTION 3.
IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS.—		NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT ...
Orders the change of Head-quarters of the Superintendent of Sericulture from Mysore to Bangalore ...	91	
Reviews the Administration Report on the Working of the Department of Veterinary and Animal Husbandry Services in Mysore, for the year 1946-47 ...	91—93	PART IV.
Revision of the Rates of the Railway Fare admissible for Railway journeys ...	93	Publishes the further amendments to the rules for regulating the sale or bottling of Foreign Liquor. (No. S. R. 5220—Ex. 103-47-2, dated 18th June 1948) ...
Reviews the Administration Report of the Muzrai Department for the year ending with 30th June 1947 ...	93	Publishes certain forms relating to Mysore Payment of Wages Rules. (No. S. R. 5184—L. W. 141-47-8, dated 17th June 1948) ...
		Publishes the Mysore House Rent and Accommodation Control Order. (No. W. 2380—47, dated 18th June 1948) ...
PART II.		
APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, TRANSFERS, POWERS, LEAVE, ETC.		PART V.
PART III—SECTION 1.		SEASON REPORT, STATEMENT OF PRICES CURRENT, ETC. ...
NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT ...	381—400	
PART III—SECTION 2.		PART VI.
NOTIFICATIONS BY HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS ...	461—473	PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS ...

PART I

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS

REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Orders the change of Head-quarters of the Superintendent of Sericulture from Mysore to Bangalore.

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. 5564, dated 17th January 1948, from the Superintendent of Sericulture in Mysore, submitting proposals to change his Head-quarters to Bangalore, and requesting in the circumstances stated, sanction of Government thereto and for incurring an expenditure up to Rs. 200 towards building rent.

ORDER No. D. 6835-S—SERI. 47-47-4, DATED BANGALORE, THE 12TH JUNE 1948.

Bangalore happens to be the centre of Silk Trade not only for the State but also for South India, and offers various advantages as well. The change would facilitate proper supervision of the seed cocoon area; the Government Silk Filature, Kankanhalli, is under the control of the Superintendent of Sericulture and the work relating to it could be better looked after from Bangalore.

It is also advantageous to locate the office of the Superintendent of Sericulture in Bangalore just as the Offices of the other Heads of Departments. Besides, the office being centrally situated, the officer will be readily available for consultation in times of urgency. The expenditure of Rs. 200 as stated by the Superintendent of Sericulture is the only item of expenditure that the proposal involves, for renting out a building for accommodating the office in Bangalore. This is worthwhile incurring. The office building at Mysore may be used for any other suitable purpose, which will mean a set off against the expenditure to be incurred on this account at Bangalore.

In consideration of these advantages, Government are pleased to sanction the above proposals of the Superintendent of Sericulture.

SYED ABDUL ALEEM, Rev. Secy.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

Reviews the Administration Report on the working of Department of Veterinary and Animal Husbandry Services in Mysore, for the year 1946-47.

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. A7. Per. A. R.—47-48, dated December 1947, from the Superintendent, Veterinary and Animal Husbandry Services in Mysore, forwarding the Report on the working of Department of Veterinary and Animal Husbandry Services for the year 1946-47.

ORDER No. A. & F. 5618-24—A. H. 190-47-2, BANGALORE, DATED 4TH JUNE 1948.

Recorded.

General Administration.—Dr. P. M. Narayanaswamy N. B.Sc., L.V.P.Sc.D., F.F.A.S., continued to be in charge of Department throughout the year. He continued to additional charge of the posts of Special Poultry Office Dairy Officer, both of which remained vacant during the year.

He served on the undermentioned committees and presented the All-India Cattle Show Committee at the Fair held at Chunchanakatte in January 1947 under the auspices of the Committee, when the prizes were distributed by the Dewan-President.

1. Committee for Agriculture of the Mysore. Ec. Conference.
2. Committee of Visitors of the Agricultural College.
3. Nutritional Committee.
4. Board of Studies in Agriculture.
5. Managing Committee of Agricultural and Veterinary Union.

Veterinary Section.—The seasonal conditions were considerably throughout the State during the year. and water were generally available in all the districts. the cost of fodder continued to be high in Hassan, Chitaldrug and Mandya Districts.

the incidence of Rinderpest was negligible and was by far the lowest ever recorded in the State. The total number of outbreaks registered during the year was 14 (140). The number of animals protected by preventive inoculation was 1 (30,335). One thousand and thirty-eight cases of the disease were registered. One lakh four thousand two hundred and seventy-eight young cattle were vaccinated against this disease. Three hundred and fifty-six cases of rhagic septicaemia were registered and 43,686 animals protected against the disease. Five hundred and eighty cases of anthrax were attended to and 7,414 vaccinations conducted against the disease.

The total number of Veterinary Institutions at the beginning of the year was 117 (92). Twenty-one (25) dispensaries were added during the year bringing the total number of dispensaries at the close of the year to 138 (117) giving one dispensary for 36,000 heads of cattle in the State. The number of cases admitted for treatment was 4,31,636 (3,86,550). The number of operations and castrations conducted was 89 (21,965) and 68,189 (55,185) respectively. There was an increasing demand for the opening of new veterinary dispensaries during the year especially in the rural areas. Financial donations were given by the generous public for the construction of 'type design' buildings for the dispensaries.

Veterinary Aid.—The District Veterinary and Live-Stock Officers, in the course of their tours, treated 2,248 cases, conducted 2,095 inoculations, castrated 361 scrub bulls and visited 995 (882) villages.

Poultry Section.—There were six poultry units in the State. The number of birds in these units at the end of the year was 2,075. Two thousand three hundred and sixty-three eggs and 371 birds were distributed for breeding purposes in the villages served by the Rural Welfare Centres at Chosepet, Dodballapur and Anandapuram. The total expenditure during the year including the value of young stock was Rs. 10,189. The second batch of stockmen was trained in practical poultry-farming at the Poultry Unit. Improved poultry and eggs were exhibited at the several District Conference Exhibitions and Fairs in the State.

Amrit Mahal and Live-Stock Section.—The failure of the monsoon (South-West Monsoon) during the early part of the year and the unprecedented heavy rains (Hingar) during the middle of the year had adverse effects on the live-stock, such as the collection work of horsegram gutta. The lack of food and water facilities which were generally obtaining in the latter part of the year materially contributed to the health and condition of cattle. The strength of cattle in four Government herds was 803 (888) at the close of the year. There were 115 births and 95 deaths during the year. The total demand in respect of the Amrit Mahal Secunder all heads amounted to Rs. 1,52,354 (Rs. 1,20,492), of which Rs. 43,459 (Rs. 39,879) was collected during the year.

An extent of 4,913 (4,365) acres of land was leased out during the year for the cultivation of horsegram. A further extent of 40,872 acres and 37 guntas of land in the Amrit Mahal Kavals was surrendered to the Revenue Department.

Over one lakh eighty-seven thousand two hundred and thirty heads of cattle were transacted at the several cattle fairs in the State during the year, the sale price of bullocks ranging from Rs. 400 to Rs. 2,000 a pair. One thousand and seventy-six prizes, both in cash and in kind, were distributed to the best cattle exhibits. An outstanding feature of the year's activity was the participation of the State in the All-India Cattle Show held at Delhi, during the month of May 1947. Five out of the six exhibits at the show won the highest trophies including the Challenge Cup for the best bull graciously presented by His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Sheep Section.—There were five Sheep Breeders' Associations at the beginning of the year and three new Sheep Breeders' Associations were started during the year at Tumkur, Chikmagalur and Dodballapur. The total number of members in the Sheep Breeders' Associations at the end of the year was 2,573 (2,248). The strength of 1,01,896 (77,646) sheep. One hundred and thirty-nine stud rams were distributed through these associations and 1,126 scrub rams were castrated. Fifty-one four hundred and eighty-four (44,151) sheep were sold. The total quantity of wool collected was 17,418 lbs.

Seven hundred and six woollen fabrics, valued at Rs. 8,119 were manufactured in the weaving sections attached to the Sheep Breeders' Associations at Kolar, Nagamangala, Chosepet and Dodballapur. Seven hundred and twenty-nine fabrics were sold, realising a sum of Rs. 8,642. Besides the propaganda work conducted by the Sheep Breeders' Associations, demonstrations were held in various parts of the State on modern sheep husbandry methods and for explaining the departmental exhibits of educative value.

There were seven Government Sheep Farms located at Hebhal, Dodballapur, Yelachahalli, Paduvalpatna, Kurikaval near Varanahally, Chikmagalur near Honnenahally and Garudapalya. The total number of sheep and goats on all Government Farms was 882. There were 226 births and 295 deaths during the year, the high incidence of deaths and the low birth rate being due to adverse seasonal conditions which were particularly unfavourable for this species of livestock. Sri J. Muniappa, Sheep Expert, was deputed to Australia for advanced training in Sheep Husbandry.

Live-Stock Improvement Scheme.—One hundred and twenty stud bulls were distributed free of cost, under the "Free Bull Scheme" which has been in operation for the last two years. Forty-three bulls maintained by private individuals were selected for the award of premia under the "Premium Bull Scheme". A noticeable feature of the year's activity under the scheme was the getting up of 19 (one day) Village Cattle Shows in the State, which proved to be popular.

Eight Halikar stud bulls were also distributed as an experimental measure in the maidan areas of the Shimoga District besides 35 Amrit Mahal stud bulls which were distributed in non-selected villages. The distribution of quality stud bulls free of cost to selected villages has obtained a large measure of popularity with the raiyats who appreciate it greatly. If the scheme is continued for some more years, it is expected to contribute materially to the improvement of the livestock wealth of the State.

Twenty-six Post-war Schemes sponsored by the department were sanctioned at a total expenditure of about Rs. 1,01,82,872 and many of these are in process of being implemented.

Veterinary Education.—Nine candidates were deputed to the Veterinary Colleges in Bengal, Bombay and Madras for being trained as Veterinarians. Forty-eight students were selected for being trained as stockmen. Six officers of the Department underwent a six weeks' training at Izatnagar in the technique of artificial insemination of animals.

Artificial Insemination.—The establishment of two Artificial Insemination Centres—one at Mysore Veterinary Hospital and the other at the Bangalore Veterinary Hospital—was sanctioned during the year and arrangements are being made to import the necessary equipment and construct the buildings required. A scheme for the survey of tuberculosis among cattle was sanctioned in February 1945 for a period of two years and it has been extended for a further period of two years.

The Serum Institute continued to manufacture on a large scale several Sera and Vaccines used in combating outbreaks of contagious diseases among livestock. The Research Institute continued the investigation of various problems connected with the diseases of livestock as well as the laboratory examination of all chemical materials received from the different veterinary dispensaries in the State. Preparation of anti-rabies vaccine for animals was also continued in the Research Section. The Institute undertook the preparation of vaccine against Ranikhet disease among fowls and the vaccine has been released for field use. The proposal to appoint a whole-time officer for this purpose and to open vaccine depots in all the districts is under consideration. A total quantity of 9,41,700 doses of different biologicals was manufactured. Of this, 4,370 doses were issued to the Civil Veterinary Department and 5,39,470 doses were supplied to places outside the State. A net income of Rs. 36,921 was realised by the Institute during the year.

Fishery Section.—Two schemes relating to the development of Fishery Research Station at Krishnarajasagar were sanctioned.

Fishery Conservation measures were enforced in the three Divisions distributed in Mysore, Mandya, Shimoga and Kolar Districts. Fishing was permitted only by the issue of licenses or by lease of fishery rights. One thousand seven

hundred and twenty licenses were issued and 234 tanks fisheries were leased out, realising a total revenue of over Rs. 27,000. The rich fisheries of Bethamangala and Hessara-ghatta reservoirs have been permitted to be exploited. Preliminary arrangements were made for the construction of buildings and for providing laboratory equipment, etc., for the Research Station and Aquarium at Krishnarajasagar.

Comprehensive proposals to establish new centres in all the districts with a view to developing bee-keeping as a cottage industry in the State were under the consideration of Government during the year and orders have been since passed according sanction to the scheme.

Forty-five stockmen under training at the stockmen's training school were given training in Bee-keeping so as to enable them to take up Bee-keeping work in addition to their other activities in rural areas. There were 11 Bee-keeping centres in the State.

The work of the Department continued to be satisfactory during the year. The implementing of the post-war schemes has necessitated the expansion of the work and activity of the Department in many directions, and Government are pleased to notice the keenness and enthusiasm shown by the Superintendent in this connection.

MOHAMED ISMAIL SHERIFF, *Genl. Secy.*

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

Revision of the Rates of the Railway Fare admissible for Railway journeys.

READ—

Government Order No. FL 139-98—S. & A. 12-33-1, dated 13th July 1933, directing that the railway fare admissible to an officer in Superior service for journeys on tour under Article 486 (a) of the Mysore Service Regulations to be raised from one and a half to one and three-fourths fare of the class in the case of officers entitled to travel in the first, second and third classes and from one and three-sevenths to one and five-eighths second class fare in the case of officers entitled to travel in Inter-class, for journeys made on the Mysore Railways so long as the present rate of fares continue.

2. Government Order No. R. S. 2047-49—Ry. F. 130 O. L. of 47-48, dated 7th January 1948, revising the rates of railway fare with effect from 1st January 1948.

ORDER No. FL 8266-8336—S. & A. 193-47-1, DATED BANGALORE, THE 14TH JUNE 1948.

In modification of the Government Order dated 13th July 1938 read above, Government are pleased to direct that the railway fare admissible to an officer in superior service for journeys on tour under Article 486 (a) of the Mysore Service Regulations be reduced from one and three-fourths to one and a half fare of the class, in the case of officers entitled to travel in the first, second and third classes and from one and five-eighths to one and three-sevenths second class fare in the case of officers entitled to travel in Inter class for journeys on the Mysore Railways.

2. This order will have effect from 1st January 1948.

3. Necessary amendments to the Mysore Service Regulations will issue separately.

M. SHAMANNA, *Fl. Secy.*

LAW SECRETARIAT

Reviews the Administration Report of the Muzrai Department for the year ending with 30th June 1947.

READ—

Letter No. N1-Per-1-47-48, dated 29th November 1947, from the Muzrai Commissioner in Mysore, forwarding the report on the administration of the Muzrai Department for the year 1946-47.

ORDER No. R. 10951-964—MUZ. 124-47-2, DATED BANGALORE, THE 2ND JUNE 1948.

Recorded.

2. *Rajakaryaprasakta* S. Narayana Rao assumed charge as the Muzrai Commissioner on 3rd July 1946 and continued throughout the year under report.

3. *Demand, Collection and Balance, in respect of the properties belonging to Mutts, Temples and other institutions under Government Management.*—The total demand including the arrears of previous years (*viz.*, Rs. 3,39,078-10-10) in respect of these properties amounted to Rs. 5,00,270-6-2, out of which a sum of Rs. 3,41,600-2-2 including remissions, but apart from the collections in kind (Paddy and areca), was

collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,58,670-4-0 at the close of the year. There are still heavy arrears in Bang Tumkur, Shimoga and Hassan Districts. Government that necessary action will be taken to reduce the arrears considerably during the current year.

4. *Muzrai Funds.*—The opening balance, receipt expenditure and closing balance of the several Muzrai Funds during the year are shown below:—

S. No.	Fund	Opening Balance	Receipts	Total	Expenditure	Closing Balance
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.
1	General Muzrai Fund.	43,832 0 11	42,714 15 8	86,547 0 7	44,979 11 9	41,568
2	Chattram Savings Fund.	92,862 0 1	66,948 11 7	1,59,810 11 8	67,170 2 4	92,640
3	Muzrai Establishment Fund.	76,450 10 0	41,223 6 1	1,17,674 0 1	60,662 5 0	57,012

5. *Income and Expenditure of Muzrai Institutions.* receipts and expenditure for the year amount to Rs. 12,31,211-3-4 and Rs. 9,55,586-7-7, respectively, leaving a balance of Rs. 25,48,272-1-9 at the credit of the institutions at the end of the year.

6. *Puduvat Loans.*—At the beginning of the year, there were 1,203 cases of Puduvat loans involving Rs. 1,05,644 in the several districts. A sum of Rs. 1,636-13-0 in 11 of eight cases was added on to the account during the year making a total of Rs. 1,07,283-12-5. Of this, a sum of Rs. 16,672-1-7 was collected during the year including remissions leaving a balance of Rs. 90,611-10-10 in respect of 1,170 cases at the end of the year. It is unsatisfactory that no collections were made in Tumkur and Mysore Districts and that the collections in Shimoga, Hassan and Chitaldrug Districts were poor. Arrears to be collected are very heavy in Kadur (Chikma), Hassan and Mysore Districts. Government are constrained to observe that in spite of repeated and strict instructions on behalf of the item of work has not received sufficient attention. The Deputy Commissioners may be requested to examine the cases during their tours and to issue suitable instructions to the subordinate officers for the recovery of arrears and obtaining fresh bonds, etc., wherever necessary.

7. *Construction and Repairs of Muzrai Institutions.* A sum of Rs. 76,090-0-9 was spent during the year on 86 works and 86 new works. Five hundred and six works at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,46,565-4-11 were pending at the close of the year, mostly due to the high cost of materials and want of labour and proper control. The work of renovation of Belur and Halebidu Temples progressed satisfactorily under the supervision of the Public Works Department and a grant of Rs. 20,000 sanctioned by Government during 1946-47 also in the State Budget under "24. Misc. Civil Works" for this purpose. The total amount spent on this work up to end of June 1948 is Rs. 1,75,758-6-0 including the outlay of Rs. 17,970 during 1946-47.

Grants to the extent of Rs. 21,988 were sanctioned to the State and General Muzrai Funds for the construction and repairs of Muzrai Institutions during the year. In addition to the above, a special grant of Rs. 10,000 was sanctioned to the State Funds for the renovation of Sri Harihareswara Temple at Harihar as also a grant of Rs. 22,962 for the renovation of Sri Pattabhiramaswami, Sri Rameswaraswami and Agasteswaraswami Temples at Ramnathpur in Arakaloddi. The conservation of Sri Gomateswar idol is under the consideration of the Committee appointed for the purpose by the Archaeological Department. Government desire the completion of the pending works may be expedited.

8. *Inspections.*—The Muzrai Commissioner inspected a good number of institutions during the year in the several districts and the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Shimoga and Mysore have inspected 60, 25 and 19 institutions respectively, whereas the Deputy Commissioners of districts inspected less than 10 institutions. The inspection work of these Deputy Commissioners requires improvement.

S. KANAKARATNARAJ, *Lau*